

AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.116
U.S. Appln. No. 10/050,716

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

Claims 1-29 (canceled).

30. (previously presented): A method of stabilizing a short-pulse fiber laser, comprising:
isolating said fiber laser from an external environment ;
wrapping said fiber laser onto a fiber spool; and
operating the fiber laser while said fiber laser remains wrapped on said fiber spool.

31. (previously presented): The method for stabilizing a short-pulse fiber laser claimed in
claim 30, wherein said fiber spool is acoustically damped.

32. (previously presented): The method for stabilizing a short-pulse laser claimed in
claim 30, wherein thermal expansion of said fiber spool is matched to that of said optical fiber.

33. (previously presented): The method for stabilizing a short-pulse laser claimed in
claim 30, further comprising:

placing the short-pulse laser in a temperature-controlled enclosure.

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34. (previously presented): The method as claimed in claim 30, wherein the short-pulse laser is a first short-pulse laser and the stability of a second short-pulse laser is controlled along with the stability of the first short-pulse laser and wherein, further, the first and second short-pulse lasers are fiber lasers, the method comprising:

constructing the first and second short-pulse lasers from identical components in an identical fashion;

pumping the first and second short-pulse lasers with a shared laser;

wrapping the first and second short-pulse lasers on a shared fiber spool; and

placing the first and second short-pulse lasers in a single enclosure.

35. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 30, further comprising:

placing the fiber spool, around which the fiber laser is wrapped, in a temperature controlled and acoustically damped enclosure housing.

36. (previously presented): The method as claimed in claim 34, further comprising:

holding to zero a time-averaged cavity length mismatch of the fiber laser.

37. (previously presented): A method of reducing timing jitter between two short-pulse fiber lasers, the method comprising:

co-wrapping the two fiber lasers on a single fiber spool.

38. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 37, further comprising:

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driving the two fiber lasers with a single pump source; and
enclosing the two fiber lasers in a single enclosure.

39. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 38, further comprising:
controlling the environment within the single enclosure relative to the environment
external to the single enclosure.

40. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 37, further comprising:
independently controlling the two fiber lasers.

41. (previously presented): A method of stabilizing a fiber laser, comprising:
isolating the fiber laser from an external environment; and
adjusting the length of a cavity of the fiber laser in response to changes in environmental
conditions.

42. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 41, further comprising:
altering the repetition rate of the laser with a piezoelectric transducer, wherein the laser is
a short-pulse laser.

43. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 42, further comprising:
conditioning a drive signal of the piezoelectric transducer to avoid abrupt voltage changes
on the leading or falling edges of the drive signal at the input to the piezoelectric transducer.

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44. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 42, further comprising:
driving the piezoelectric transducer with a sinusoidal drive signal.

45. (currently amended): A fiber laser system comprising:
a first rare-earth doped fiber operable to conduct optical energy; and
a spool around which said first fiber is wrapped,
wherein said first rare-earth doped fiber is isolated from external environmental
conditions.

46. (previously presented): A fiber laser system as claimed in claim 45, further
comprising:

an enclosure operable to environmentally isolate said first fiber and said spool.

47. (previously presented): A fiber laser system as claimed in claim 45, further
comprising:

a second fiber co-wrapped around said spool; and
a single optical pump source operable to drive both said first and second fibers.

48. (previously presented): A fiber laser system as claimed in claim 45, further
comprising:

a piezoelectric transducer operable to alter the cavity length of said laser.

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49. (previously presented): A fiber laser system as claimed in claim [[47]] 45, further comprising:

dithering means for dithering the outputs of said first and second fibers.

50. (previously presented): A fiber laser system as claimed in claim 49, wherein the output of said first fiber is dithered at a scan frequency and the output of said second fiber is dithered at a rate substantially equal to the average repetition rate of the output of said first fiber.

51. (previously presented): A fiber laser system as claimed in claim 47, further comprising:

a first Faraday rotator mirror at an end of said first fiber;

an optical assembly comprising a second Faraday rotator mirror and a piezoelectric transducer mounted on a mirror.

52. (previously presented): A fiber laser system as claimed in claim 51, further comprising:

at least two identical sets of modelocking optics, each set of modelocking optics comprising a waveplate, a Faraday rotator and a polarizable beamsplitter, wherein at least one set of modelocking optics is associated with said first fiber and at least one other set of modelocking optics is associated with said second fiber.

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53. (currently amended): A short-pulse laser, comprising:

a fiber laser for generating a pulse output; and

~~means for improving stability of laser operation comprising spooling said fiber laser on a fiber spool, around which said fiber laser is wrapped to improve operational stability of said fiber laser.~~

54. (previously presented): A method of stabilizing a short-pulse fiber laser, comprising:

placing the short-pulse fiber laser in a temperature-controlled enclosure;

isolating said fiber laser from an external environment;

controlling the temperature within the temperature-controlled enclosure to stabilize the

laser.

55. (previously presented): The method for stabilizing a short-pulse fiber laser claimed in claim 54, further comprising:

wrapping said fiber laser onto a fiber spool; and

operating the fiber laser while said fiber laser remains wrapped on said fiber spool.

56. (previously presented): The method for stabilizing a short-pulse fiber laser claimed in claim 55, wherein said fiber spool is acoustically damped.

57. (previously presented): A method of controlling the output of a short-pulse fiber laser, comprising:

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stabilizing a repetition rate of the laser by controlling the temperature of the fiber.

58. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 57 further comprising:
providing a piezoelectric transducer in communication with the laser; and
applying a voltage to the piezoelectric transducer,
wherein the repetition rate of the laser is dithered by movement of the piezoelectric transducer.

59. (previously presented): A method as claimed in claim 58 further comprising:
providing a phase locked loop circuit for controlling the average repetition rate of the laser.

60. (new): A fiber laser system comprising:
a first fiber operable to conduct optical energy; and
a spool around which said first fiber is wrapped,
wherein said first fiber is isolated from external environmental conditions and held near ambient temperature.

61. (new): A fiber laser system comprising:
a first fiber operable to conduct optical energy; and
a spool around which said first fiber is wrapped,

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wherein said first fiber is isolated from external environmental conditions and held above ambient temperature.